Table: Products

+---------------+---------+  
| Column Name | Type |  
+---------------+---------+  
| product\_id | int |  
| new\_price | int |  
| change\_date | date |  
+---------------+---------+  
(product\_id, change\_date) is the primary key (combination of columns with unique values) of this table.  
Each row of this table indicates that the price of some product was changed to a new price at some date.

Write a solution to find the prices of all products on 2019-08-16. Assume the price of all products before any change is 10.

Return the result table in **any order**.

The result format is in the following example.

**Example 1:**

Input:   
Products table:  
+------------+-----------+-------------+  
| product\_id | new\_price | change\_date |  
+------------+-----------+-------------+  
| 1 | 20 | 2019-08-14 |  
| 2 | 50 | 2019-08-14 |  
| 1 | 30 | 2019-08-15 |  
| 1 | 35 | 2019-08-16 |  
| 2 | 65 | 2019-08-17 |  
| 3 | 20 | 2019-08-18 |  
+------------+-----------+-------------+  
Output:   
+------------+-------+  
| product\_id | price |  
+------------+-------+  
| 2 | 50 |  
| 1 | 35 |  
| 3 | 10 |  
+------------+-------+